AREA WEIGHTED AVERAGE CALCULATION WORKSHEET: RESIDENTIAL										
Area Weighted Average Calculation Work	califor	RNIA ENERGY COM	WS-2R							
Residential			(Page 1 of 1)							
Site Address:	Enforcement Agency:	Date:								

This worksheet should be used to calculate weight-averaged U-factors or averaged SHGC values for prescriptive envelope compliance. R-values can never be area weighted; only area-weighted U-factors.

Whenever two or more types of a building feature, material, or construction assembly occur in a building, a weighted average of the different types must be calculated. Weighted averaging is simply a mathematical technique for combining different amounts of various components into a single number. Weighted averaging is frequently done when there is more than one level of floor, wall, or ceiling insulation in a building, or more than one type of window (the SHGC values of skylights cannot be averaged per §151(f)4A).

- a. "Area" can be replaced throughout the formula by "Length" or any other unit of measure used for the value being averaged.
- b. "Value" can be replaced throughout the formula by "U-factor," "Solar Heat Gain Coefficient," or any other value that varies throughout a residence and is appropriate to weight average.

Item No.	Type 1 Value ^b		Type 1 Area ^a		Type 2 Value ^b		Type 2 Area ^a		Type 3 Value ^b		Type 3 Area ^a		Total Area		Weighted Average Value
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	[()	Х	()	+	()	Х	()	+	()	Х	()]	·ŀ·		=	
	[()	х	()	+	()	х	()	+	()	Х	()]	÷		=	
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STATE OF CALIFORNIA