

BLYTHE SOLAR POWER PROJECT (09-AFC-6)
CEC STAFF DATA REQUESTS 230-231

Technical Area: Transmission System Engineering

Response Date: January 6, 2010

DR-TSE-230

Information Required:

Clarify power plant design and the proposed equipment which will be used for the BSPP.

- If the California ISO design is the preferred option, submit a complete electrical one-line diagram (or resubmit Figure 2-9 in a larger legible scale) of the proposed BSPP switchyard showing all equipment for all new generators interconnection with the switchyard along with their respective sizes and/or ratings as follows:
 - i. Any bus duct connectors or overhead conductors or cables, 18 kV switchgears, buses, breakers, and disconnect switches on the low side of each generator step-up transformer (GSU).
 - ii. The GSU and short overhead conductors and/or cables from the GSU to the switchyard with the configuration for the switchyard buses, breakers, disconnect switches on the 115 kV and 500 kV side, along with the proposed tie-line, transmission outlet from the switchyard.
- If the California ISO option is not the preferred option, please contact the California ISO with the proposed design and resubmit the required equipment data for the Phase I and Phase II Interconnection Studies.

Response:

In the Phase I Cluster Study the California Independent System Operator (CAISO) studied the interconnection of the four power generating units at the BSPP to the 500-kilovolt (kV) bus at the Southern California Edison (SCE) Colorado River substation. The interconnection study modeled the BSPP assuming that each of the 18-kV generator voltages was stepped up to 115 kV using two winding transformers. The 115-kV output from the transformers was then collected in groups of two and stepped up again using two more winding transformers to 500 kV. The output of the two 500-kV transformers was then combined on site. A single-circuit 500-kV transmission line brought the output from the Project to the 500-kV bus at the Colorado River substation.

A new proposal has been developed for the interconnection of the four generators at the BSPP to the 500-kV bus at the Colorado River substation. The new proposed approach will be physically different but electrically the same as the interconnection studied in the Phase I Cluster Study. The new interconnection will be accomplished by stepping up each of the 18-kV generator voltages to 230 kV using two winding transformers. The output of the 230-kV transformers will be collected in groups of two and placed on a 230-kV transmission line. This will create a double circuit 230-kV transmission line from the BSPP plant site to the 230-kV bus at the Colorado River substation. The 230-kV bus at the Colorado River substation would then be connected to the 500-kV bus at the Colorado River substation using two winding transformers.

The CAISO studied the original interconnection using the equivalent impedance of two step-up transformers (one at 18/115 kV and another at 115/500 kV) and a 500-kV transmission line. The new interconnection uses two step-up transformers (one at 18/230 kV and the other at 230/500 kV) and a double-circuit 230-kV transmission line. The equivalent impedance of the new interconnection can be

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designed to match the impedance of the originally proposed interconnection. Thus, this change would have no effect on the output of the system studies.

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Information Required:

Provide the Phase I Interconnect Study Report. Based on the commercial operation year system conditions, the Study should analyze the system impacts with and without the project during summer peak, summer off-peak, and spring system conditions, which will demonstrate conformance or non-conformance with the utility reliability and planning criteria with the following provisions:

- a) Identify major assumptions in the base cases including major imports to the system, major generation and load in the area system and queue generation.
- b) Power Flow analyses for N-O, important N-1 and critical N-2 contingency conditions and provide a list of criteria violations in a table showing the loadings before and after adding the new generation.
- c) Short circuit studies.
- d) Analyze system for Transient Stability and Post-transient voltage conditions under critical N-1 and N-2 contingencies, and provide related plots, switching data and a list for voltage violations in the studies.
- e) Reactive power deficiency analysis.
- f) Provide a list of contingencies evaluated for each analysis.
- g) List mitigation measures considered and those selected for a" criteria violations.
- h) Provide electronic copies of *.sav and *.drw PSLF files, if applicable.
- i) Provide legible power flow diagrams (MW, % loading & P. U. voltage) for base cases with and without the project. Power flow diagrams must also be provided for a" N-O, N-1 and N-2 studies where overloads or voltage violations appear.

Response:

The requested information will be provided separately under confidential cover.