2019 Energy Code Solar Ready Requirements



California Energy Commission

Efficiency Division

October 2020



2019 Building Energy Efficiency Standards (Energy Code)

- Energy Code Basics
 - Navigating Title 24 Part 1 and Part 6
- Solar Ready Requirements
 - All Buildings
 - Single Family Residential
 - Multifamily and Nonresidential
- Plan Check and Inspection
- Resources



Energy Code Basics



Energy Code History

WARREN-ALQUIST ACT

Warren-Alquist State Energy Resources Conservation and Development Act

Public Resources Code Section 25000 et seq.



CALIFORNIA ENERGY COMMISSION Gavin Newsom, Governor

2020 EDITION JANUARY 2020 CEC-140-2020-001

The Warren-Alquist Act established the California Energy Commission (CEC) in 1974

- Authority to develop, adopt, and maintain Energy Code
- Updated every three years
- Energy Code must be cost-effective over the economic life of the building



2019 Energy Code



2019 Building Energy Efficiency Standards

The 2019 Building Energy Efficiency Standards take effect January 1, 2020. Find compliance manuals, forms, software, and supporting content.

LEARN MORE ABOUT THE 2019 STANDARDS >

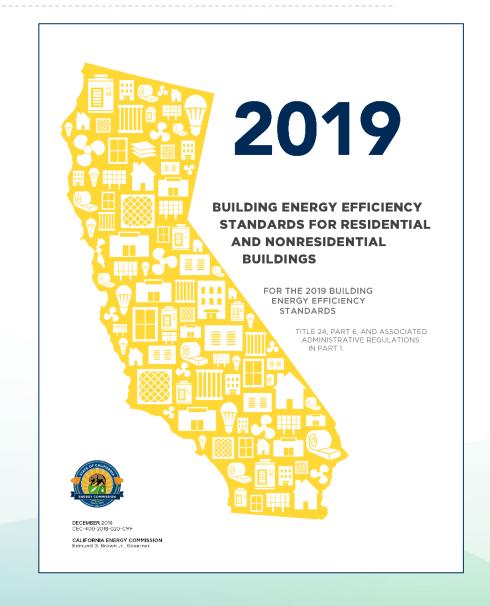




2019 Energy Code

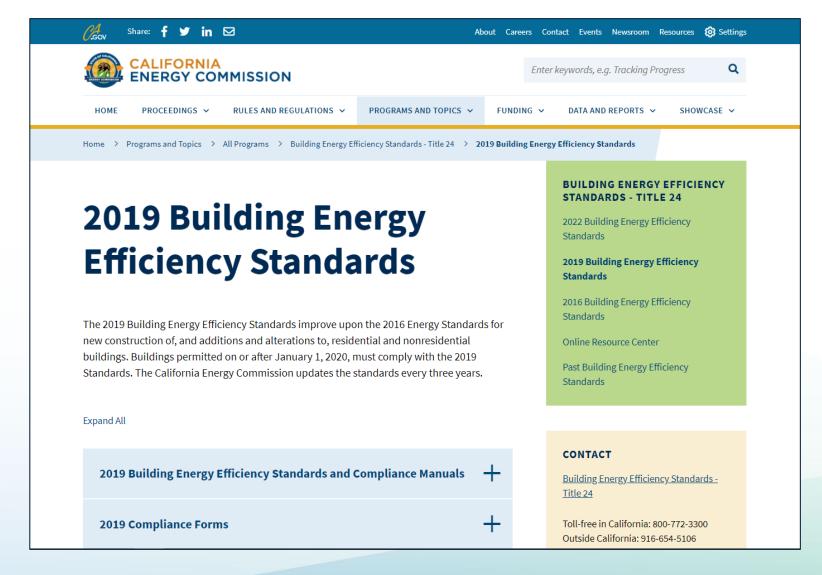
Effective January 1, 2020

- Building permit applications submitted on or after effective date
- Must use 2019 software and forms





2019 Documents Online



- Energy Code
- Reference Appendices
- Compliance Manuals
- Forms
 - Fillable dynamic
 - o Energy Code Ace



Energy Code Requirements

Mandatory measures

- Minimum efficiency requirements must always be met
- Can never trade-off

Prescriptive measures

- Predefined efficiency requirements
- May supersede mandatory measures
- Different requirements for newly constructed buildings, additions, and alterations



Compliance Approaches

Prescriptive Approach

- Simple approach, no trade-offs
- Match the standard building baseline
- More common for alterations and nonresidential

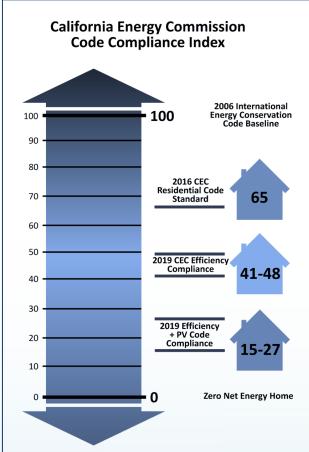
Performance Approach

- Most flexible approach, allows for trade-offs
- Must meet all mandatory requirements
- Requires the use of CEC approved software
- Residential: proposed efficiency EDR ≤ standard building design and total EDR (including PV) ≤ standard building design
- Nonresidential: proposed TDV ≤ standard building design





Energy Design Rating (EDR)



Energy Design Rating (EDR), as defined by the California Energy Commission, is an alternate way to express the energy performance of a building using a scoring system where 100 represents the energy performance of a Residential Energy Services (RESNET) reference home characterization of the 2006 IECC with California modeling assumptions. A score of 0 represents the energy performance of a building that combines high levels of energy efficiency with renewable generation to "zero out" its TDV energy.

Low-rise residential EDR score based on total estimated energy use

- 100 represents a home built to 2006 IECC
- 0 represents a zero net energy home
- Two types of EDR must be met individually
 - Efficiency EDR: Includes energy savings for space heating, cooling, ventilation, water heating measures
 - Total EDR: Includes efficiency EDR minus compliance credit for PV, battery, and other demand flexibility measures



2019 Compliance Software

Performance approach compliance use most recently approved versions

- Residential
 - o CBECC-Res 2019.1.3
 - EnergyPro 8.2 Residential
 - Right-Energy 2019.1.1
- Nonresidential
 - CBECC-Com 2019.1.3
 - EnergyPro 8.2 Commercial

	ation Date/Time: 2019-07-08T18:42:27-0 File Name: Sample T24 2019 CBECC.ribd1	, •
05	Standards Version	2019
07	Software Version	CBECC-Res 2019.1.0 (1079)



Demonstrating Compliance

Compliance forms confirm Energy Code is met

- Completed by designers, consultants, builders, contractors, technicians, HERS raters, etc.
- Submitted to local jurisdiction for verification

Type of form	Residential	Nonresidential
Certificate of compliance	CF1R	NRCC
Certificate of installation	CF2R	NRCI
Certificate of acceptance	CF3R	NCRA
Certificate of verification		NRCV



Mandatory Measures Summary

§ 110.10(a)1:	Single Family Residences. Single family residences located in subdivisions with 10 or more single family residences and where the application for a tentative subdivision map for the residences has been deemed complete and approved by the enforcement agency, which do not have a photovoltaic system installed, must comply with the requirements of § 110.10(b) through § 110.10(e).
§ 110.10(a)2:	Low-rise Multifamily Buildings. Low-rise multi-family buildings that do not have a photovoltaic system installed must comply with the requirements of § 110.10(b) through § 110.10(d).
§ 110.10(b)1:	Minimum Solar Zone Area. The solar zone must have a minimum total area as described below. The solar zone must comply with access, pathway, smoke ventilation, and spacing requirements as specified in Title 24, Part 9 or other parts of Title 24 or in any requirements adopted by a local jurisdiction. The solar zone total area must be comprised of areas that have no dimension less than 5 feet and are no less than 80 square feet each for buildings with roof areas less than or equal to 10,000 square feet or no less than 160 square feet each for buildings with roof areas greater than 10,000 square feet. For single family residences, the solar zone must be located on the roof or overhang of the building and have a total area no less than 250 square feet. For low-rise multi-family buildings the solar zone must be located on the roof or overhang of the building, or on the roof or overhang of another structure located within 250 feet of the building, or on covered parking installed with the building project, and have a total area no less than 15 percent of the total roof area of the building excluding any skylight area. The solar zone requirement is applicable to the entire building, including mixed occupancy.*
§ 110.10(b)2:	Azimuth. All sections of the solar zone located on steep-sloped roofs must be oriented between 90 degrees and 300 degrees of true north.
§ 110.10(b)3A:	Shading. The solar zone must not contain any obstructions, including but not limited to: vents, chimneys, architectural features, and roof mounted equipment.*
§ 110.10(b)3B:	Shading. Any obstruction located on the roof or any other part of the building that projects above a solar zone must be located at least twice the distance, measured in the horizontal plane, of the height difference between the highest point of the obstruction and the horizontal projection of the nearest point of the solar zone, measured in the vertical plane.*
§ 110.10(b)4:	Structural Design Loads on Construction Documents. For areas of the roof designated as a solar zone, the structural design loads for roof dead load and roof live load must be clearly indicated on the construction documents.
§ 110.10(c):	Interconnection Pathways. The construction documents must indicate: a location reserved for inverters and metering equipment and a pathway reserved for routing of conduit from the solar zone to the point of interconnection with the electrical service; and for single family residences and central water-heating systems, a pathway reserved for routing plumbing from the solar zone to the water-heating system.
§ 110.10(d):	Documentation. A copy of the construction documents or a comparable document indicating the information from § 110.10(b) through § 110.10(c) must be provided to the occupant.
§ 110.10(e)1:	Main Electrical Service Panel. The main electrical service panel must have a minimum busbar rating of 200 amps.
§ 110.10(e)2:	Main Electrical Service Panel. The main electrical service panel must have a reserved space to allow for the installation of a double pole circuit breaker for a future solar electric installation. The reserved space must be permanently marked as "For Future Solar Electric".

Low-rise residential

- Designers may include on plans
- Enforcement agencies may require on plans



2019 Energy Code

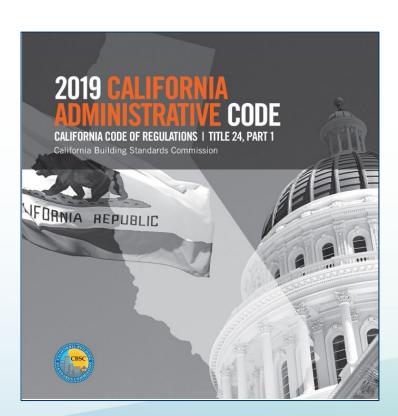
Navigating Title 24 - Part 1 and Part 6



Title 24 – California Building Code

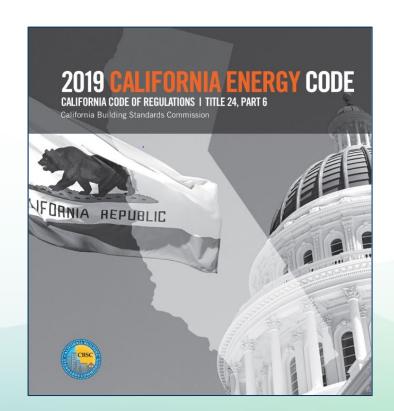
Part 1 - Administrative Code

- Chapter 10
- Sections 10-101 10-115
- Administrative requirements



Part 6 - Energy Code

- Subchapters 1 9
- Sections 100.0 150.2
- Technical requirements





Part 1 Administrative Code

All Buildings § 10-115

Community solar option

- Must be approved by the CEC
- Dependent on interconnection rules of local utility
- Alternative to rooftop PV systems
- Buildings must still comply with solar ready requirements





Part 6 Energy Code

All Buildings § 100.0 - Table 100.0-A

TABLE 100.0-A APPLICATION OF STANDARDS

Occupancies	Application	Mandatory	Prescriptive	Perform	nance	Additions/Alterations
General Provisions for All Buildings		100.0, 100.1, 100.2, 110.0				
	General	150.0				
		110.6, 110.7, 110.8,				
	General Provisions f	or All Buildings		<u> </u>	100.0), 100.1, 100.2, 110.0
		150.0(q)				
	HVAC (conditioned)	110.2, 110.5, 150.0(h), 150.0(i), 150.0(j), 150.0(m), 150.0(o)	150.1(a, c)	150.1(a),	150.1(b)	150.2(a), 150.2(b)
Low-Rise Residential	Water Heating	110.3, 150.0(j, n)				
Residential	Indoor Lighting (conditioned, unconditioned and parking garages)	110.9, 130. 150.0(k)	Solar Read Buildings	-	110.10	110.10
	Outdoor Lighting	110.9, 130.0,150.0(k)				
	Pool and Spa Systems	110.4, 150.0(p)	N. A.	N.A	<i>I</i> .	150.2(a), 150.2(b)
	Solar Ready Buildings	110.10	N. A.	N.A	<i>Y</i> .	N.A.

Residential relevant sections

§ 100.1 Definitions

§ 110.10 All buildings



Part 6 Energy Code

All Buildings § 100.0 - Table 100.0-A



Occupancies	Application	Mandatory	Prescriptive	Pei	formance	Additions/Alterations	
General Provisions for All Buildings		100.0, 100.1, 100.2, 110.0					
	General	120.0	140.0, 140.2				
G	eneral Provisions for A	All Buildings	100.0, 100.1, 100.2, 110.0				
	(unconditioned process spaces)	N.A.	140.3(c)				
	HVAC (conditioned)	110.2, 110.5, 120.1, 120.2, 120.3, 120.4, 120.5, 120.8	140.4	14	0.0, 140.1	141.0	
	Water Heating	110.3, 120.3, 120.8, 120.9	140.5				
Nonresidential, High-Rise Residential, And Hotels/Motels	Indoor Lighting (conditioned, process spaces)	110.9, 120.8, 130.0, 130.1, 130.4	140.3(c), 140.6	5			
		ı	l		_		
	Solar Ready Buildings				141.0		
	Electrical Power Distribution	110.11, 130.5	N.A.		N.A.		
	Pool and Spa Systems	110.4, 110.5, 150.0(p)	N. A.			141.0	
	Solar Ready Buildings	110.10	N.A.			141.0(a)	
Covered Processes ¹	Envelope, Ventilation, Process Loads	110.2, 120.6	140.9		140.1	120.6, 140.9, 141.1	
Signs	Indoor and Outdoor	110.9, 130.0, 130.3	140.8		N.A.	141.0, 141.0(b)2H	

Nonresidential relevant sections

§ 100.1 Definitions

§ 110.10 All buildings

§ 141.0 Additions



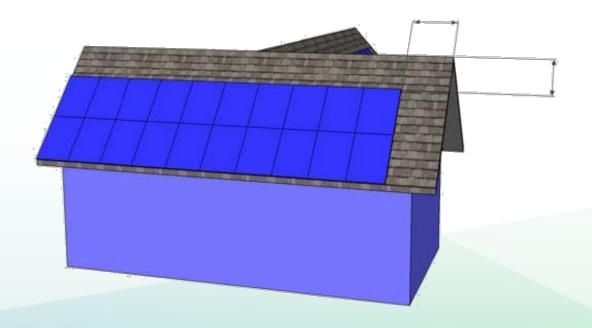
Solar Ready RequirementsAll Buildings

Mandatory § 100.1



Solar Ready Makes Sense

- Easy to install PV later
- Applied during the design phase
 - No renovation or moving existing equipment
- Reserved solar zone
 - Clearly marked
 - Obstruction-free





Solar Ready Definitions

- Solar zone is a section of the roof designated and reserved for the future installation of a solar electric or solar thermal system
- Azimuth the orientation in degrees from true north
- Steep-sloped roof has a ratio of rise to run of 2:12 or greater
- Low-sloped roof has a ratio of rise to run of less than 2:12



Solar Ready RequirementsSingle Family Residential

Mandatory § 110.10(a-e)

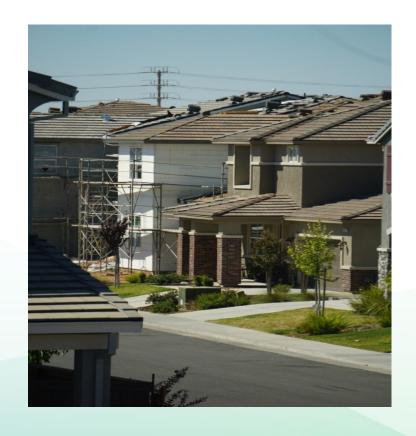


All Buildings § 110.10(a)1

Covered occupancies - single family residential

- Located in subdivisions with ten or more single family residences
- Tentative subdivision map application approved
- No solar PV system installed

Low-rise multifamily is included with nonresidential





All Buildings § 110.10(a)1



Covered occupancies - single family residential

- Townhouses and duplexes considered single family residences
- Each unit complies separately
- Applies to subdivisions with 10 or more homes



All Buildings § 110.10(b)1

Solar zone minimum area

- Comply with all access, pathway, smoke ventilation, and spacing requirements in Title 24, Part 9 or other parts
- Comply with all local jurisdiction requirements



All Buildings § 110.10(b)1

Solar zone minimum area

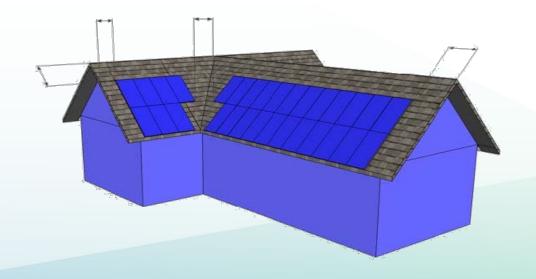
- Each dimension is 5 feet or more in length
- Area depends on the size of the roof
 - Total roof area is 10,000 square feet or less
 - 80 square feet or more total solar zone
 - Total roof area is more than 10,000 square feet
 - 160 square feet or more total solar zone
- Multiple subareas can make up total area
 - No less than five feet





All Buildings § 110.10(b)1A

- Located on the building's roof or overhang
- Total area at least 250 square feet
- Exceptions may reduce or eliminate required solar area





All Buildings § 110.10(b)1A

- Exception 1 no solar zone required
 - Permanently installed domestic solar water-heating system
 - Reference Residential Appendix RA4 installation criteria
 - 0.50 minimum solar savings fraction



All Buildings § 110.10(b)1A

- Exception 6 No solar zone required
 - Demand responsive thermostats (<u>JA5 compliant</u>)
 - o Plus, one of these efficiency measures
 - Energy Star dishwasher and refrigerator, whole house fan, or EV charger
 - Demand responsive home automation system controlling appliances and lighting
 - Gray-water plumbing for landscape irrigation
 - Rainwater catchment system flow from 65% or more of roof area





All Buildings § 110.10(b)1A

- Exception 2: reduced solar zone area of minimum 150 square feet
 - o Three or more stories with total floor area of 2,000 square feet or less
- Exception 3: reduced solar zone area of minimum 150 square feet
 - Located in wildland-urban interface fire area with whole house fan
- Exception 5: reduced solar zone area of minimum 150 square feet
 - All thermostats are demand responsive and capable prior to occupancy permit (<u>JA5 compliant</u>)
 - Comply with Section 110.12(a)



All Buildings § 110.10(b)1A

- Exception 4: reduced solar zone area is 50% or more of the potential solar zone area
 - Potential solar zone total area
 - Low-sloped roof with annual solar access 70% or more
 - Steep-sloped roofs oriented between 90 degrees and 300 degrees of true north with annual solar access 70% or more





All Buildings § 110.10(b)1A

- Exception for reduced solar access due to obstructions
 - Use available solar access tools
 - Solar access area equals solar insolation with shade divided by solar insolation without shade
 - Include shade from existing buildings, parking lot lights, trees and similar objects outside control of the project
 - Exclude shade from potential obstructions within control of the project like the building itself, HVAC equipment, landscaping, and similar objects
 - Document on CF2R-SRA-02 Minimum Solar Zone Area worksheet



All Buildings § 110.10(b)1A

Solar zone minimum area - single family residential

- Example
 - What size solar zone is needed on a house with a total roof area of 2,500 square feet that is shaded by the neighbor's house and trees so that 2,100 square feet of the roof has less than 70% annual solar access?
 - If the entire roof were to have an annual solar access of 70% or greater, the minimum solar zone would have been 250 square feet
 - Since the potential solar zone is only 400 square feet (2,500 – 2,100), the minimum solar zone area can be reduced to 200 square feet (50% of the potential solar zone)

Potential Solar Zone (8' x 50' = 400 SF)

Area Shaded by Neighboring Building (Annual Solar Access is Less than 70 Percent) 50'

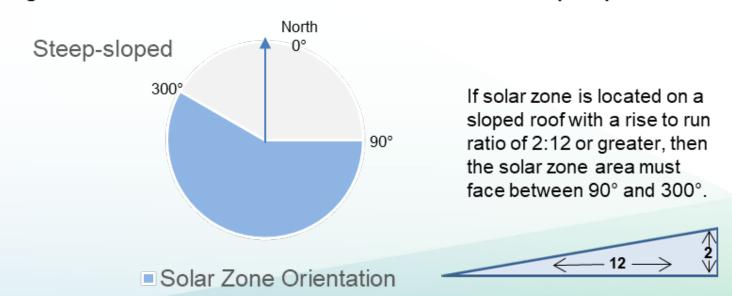


All Buildings § 110.10(b)2

Solar zone azimuth

 All solar zone sections on steep-sloped roofs shall be oriented between 90 degrees and 300 degrees of true north.

Figure 7-4: Orientation when solar zone is located on a steep-sloped roof





All Buildings § 110.10(b)3

Solar zone shading

- No obstructions in the solar zone
- Limited obstructions outside of solar zone
 - Distance from solar zone to obstruction is at least two times the obstruction height
 - Exception: Obstructions north of all points in the solar zone

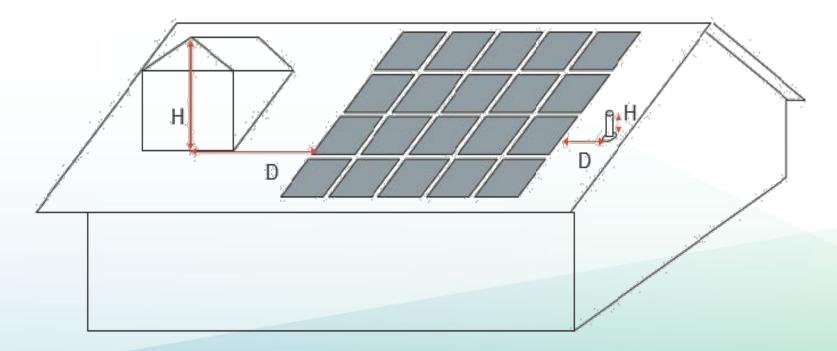




All Buildings § 110.10(b)3A

Solar zone shading

- Calculate distance from obstructions
 - o Equation: D ≥ 2H





All Buildings § 110.10(b)4

Solar zone structural design loads on construction documents

- Roof dead load and live load must be clearly indicated on construction documents (structural plans)
 - o Collateral load for future solar installation is not required.



All Buildings § 110.10(c)

Interconnection pathways - single family residential

- Construction documents indicate locations
 - Inverters and meter equipment
 - Conduit route from solar zone to service connection
- Central water-heating systems
 - Plumbing route from solar zone to water-heating system
- Must comply with the California Fire Code solar access requirements





All Buildings § 110.10(d)



Documentation

- Copy to occupant
 - Construction documents showing the solar zone and pathways to interconnection



All Buildings § 110.10(e)

Main electrical service panel - single family residences

- Minimum 200-amp busbar rating
- Space reserved for future double pole circuit breaker
 - At opposite end from input feeder
 - Permanently marked "For Future Solar Electric"





Solar Ready Requirements

Multifamily and Nonresidential

Mandatory § 110.10(a-d)

Additions § 141.0(a)



All Buildings § 110.10(a)

Covered occupancies – multifamily, nonresidential, hotel and motel

- Low-rise multifamily
 - Three or less habitable stories
- High-rise multifamily
 - Ten or less habitable stories
- Hotels and motels
 - Ten or less habitable stories
- Nonresidential buildings
 - Three or less habitable stories





Nonresidential Additions § 141.0(a)

Covered occupancies – nonresidential additions

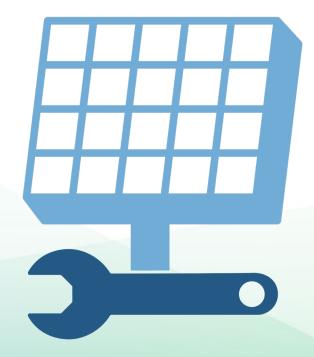
- Nonresidential additions that increase the roof area by more than 2,000 square feet
 - Exception 4: Additions that increase the roof area by 2,000 square feet or less are exempt from solar ready requirements



All Buildings § 110.10(b)1

Solar zone minimum area

- Comply with all access, pathway, smoke ventilation, and spacing requirements in Title 24, Part 9 or other parts
- Comply with all local jurisdiction requirements
- Applicable to the entire building, including mixed occupancy





All Buildings § 110.10(b)1

Solar zone minimum area

- Each dimension is 5 feet or more in length
- Area depends on the size of the roof
 - Total roof area is 10,000 square feet or less
 - 80 square feet or more total solar zone
 - Total roof area is more than 10,000 square feet
 - 160 square feet or more total solar zone
- Multiple subareas can make up total area
 - No less than five feet





All Buildings § 110.10(b)1B

- Roof or overhang of building
- Roof or overhang of a structure located within 250 feet of the building
- Covered parking installed with the building project
- Area minimum 15% of building's total roof area, excluding skylight area
- Exceptions may reduce or eliminate required solar area





All Buildings § 110.10(b)1B

- Exception 1 no solar zone required
 - Permanently installed solar PV system
 - DC power rating nameplate
 - Minimum one watt per square foot of roof area
- Exception 2 no solar zone required
 - High-rise multifamily, hotel and motel only
 - Permanently installed domestic solar water heating system
 - Compliant with § 150.1(c)8Biii



All Buildings § 110.10(b)1B

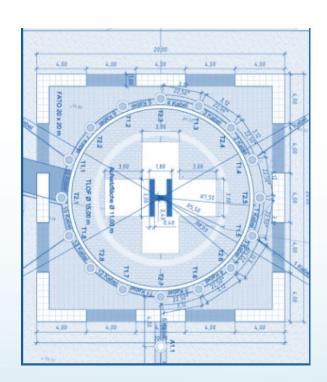
Solar zone minimum area - all multifamily

- Exception 4 No solar zone required
 - Demand responsive thermostats (<u>JA5 compliant</u>) in each dwelling unit
 - Plus electric vehicle charging spaces per Title 24, Part 11, or one of these efficiency measures in each dwelling unit
 - Energy Star dishwasher, plus refrigerator, or whole house fan with ECM
 - Demand responsive home automation system controlling appliances and lighting
 - Gray-water plumbing for landscape irrigation
 - Rainwater catchment system flow from 65% or more of roof area





All Buildings § 110.10(b)1B



- Exception 5 no solar zone required
 - Roof is designed and approved to be used for vehicular traffic, parking, or heliport



All Buildings § 110.10(b)1B

- Exception 3: reduced solar zone area is 50% or more of the potential solar zone area
 - Low-sloped roof with annual solar access of 70% or greater
 - Steep-sloped roofs oriented between 90 degrees and 300 degrees of true north where annual solar access of 70% or greater





All Buildings § 110.10(b)1A

- Exception for reduced solar access due to shading
 - Use available solar access tools
 - Solar access area equals solar insolation with shade divided by solar insolation without shade
 - Include shade from existing buildings, parking lot lights, trees and similar objects outside control of the project
 - Exclude shade from potential obstructions within control of the project like the building itself, HVAC equipment, landscaping, and similar objects
 - Document on NRCC-SRA-E Minimum Solar Zone Area worksheet

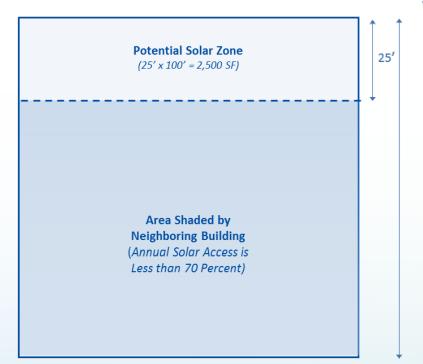


All Buildings § 110.10(b)1A

Solar zone minimum area - single family residential

Example

- What size solar zone is needed on a 10,000 square foot roof with no skylights that is shaded by a neighboring building so that 7,500 square feet of the roof has less than 70% annual solar access?
 - If the entire roof were to have an annual solar access of 70% or greater, the minimum solar zone would have been 1,500 square feet (15% of the total roof area)
 - Since the potential solar zone is 2,500, the minimum solar zone area can be reduced to 1,250 square feet (50% of the potential solar zone)



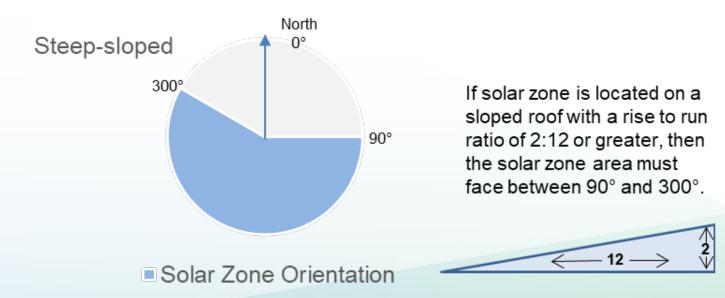


All Buildings § 110.10(b)2

Solar zone azimuth

 All solar zone sections on steep-sloped roofs shall be oriented between 90 degrees and 300 degrees of true north.

Figure 9-1: Orientation when solar zone is located on a steep-sloped roof





All Buildings § 110.10(b)3

Solar zone shading

- No obstructions in the solar zone
- Limited obstructions outside of solar zone
 - Distance from solar zone to obstruction is at least two times the obstruction height
 - o Exception: Obstructions north of all points in the solar zone

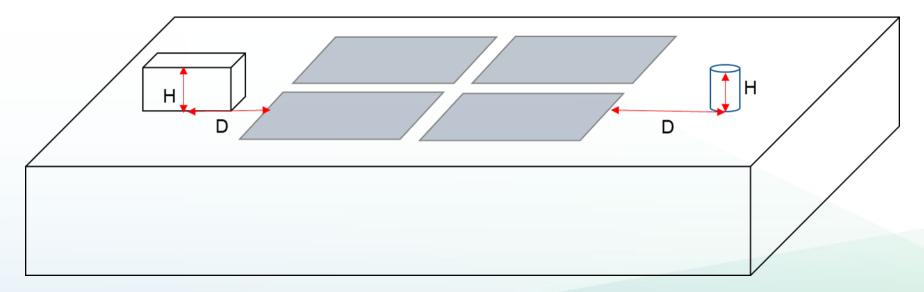




All Buildings § 110.10(b)3A

Solar zone shading

- Calculate distance from obstructions
 - o Equation: D ≥ 2H





All Buildings § 110.10(b)4

Solar zone structural design loads on construction documents

- Roof dead load and live load must be clearly indicated on construction documents (structural plans)
 - o Future solar equipment load is not required



All Buildings § 110.10(c)

Interconnection pathways - multifamily, nonresidential, hotel and motel

- Construction documents indicate reserved locations
 - Inverters and meter equipment
 - Conduit route from solar zone to service connection
- Must comply with the California Fire Code solar access requirements





All Buildings § 110.10(d)



Documentation

- Copy to occupant
 - Construction documents showing the solar zone and pathways to interconnection



Plan Check and Inspection



Residential Forms

- CF2R-PVB-01
 - Verifies PV exception
 - Triggers solar ready
- CF2R-SRA-01
 - Verifies compliance
 - With or without exceptions
- CF2R-SRA-02
 - Solar zone worksheet
 - Documents solar zone area
 - Verify specifications on plans
- All forms must be registered with HERS provider when HERS verification is required for project

CERTI	FICATE OF INSTALLATION		CF2R-SRA-01-E	
Solari	Ready Buildings—New Construction		(Page 1 of 2)	
Project N	ine:		Certe Pre pared:	
Only u notel/ ewer.	. In stead, use form NRCI-SRA-01-E		Do not use this form to show solar ready compliance for fewer and all other nonresidential buildings with three stories or	
	Building Type			
02	Method of Compliance:			
3. Bui	ilding Meets the Solar Ready Requirements			
01	Compliance with Solar Ready Requirements			
02	The construction documents indicate: • The solar zone • A location for inverters and metering equipment • A pathway for routing of conduit from the s		"jon	
03	A Pathway for routing of plumbing from the The structural design loads for roof dead to: A copy of the construction documents including all the	MINIM	CALIFORNIA UM SOLAR ZONE AREA WORKSHEET – NEW CI R-SRA02-E (Revised 01/19)	ONSTRUCTION CALIFORNIA ENERGY COMMISSION
I	For Single Family Residences only: • The main electric service panel shall have a		FICATE OF INSTALLATION	CF2R-SRA-02
04	 The main electric service panel shall have re 		um Solar Zone Area Worksheet – New Construction	(Page 1 of
- [reserved space shall be positioned at the op	Project N	me:	Code Prepared:
	reserved space shall be permanently marke sponsible person's signature on this compliance docu	_	one Area (requirements in \$110.10 (b)1A Exception 1 or 6, and \$110.10 (b)1	
ne re	idence Not in an Applicable Subdivision. The single family residence is located in a subdivision sponsible person's signature on this compliance document manently installed Solar Water Healing System Solar Water Healing System Rating. Solar Swinger Faction of the Proposed Solar Water He		It sheet applies to. Single family residences with out PV that wish to driow compliance with it salar zone on the roof of the residence. Note that Exceptions 1 and 6 to 1 requirements and are documented on the Certificate of Compliance doc in the relevant decade. Low-rise multifarm properties of the Certificate of Compliance docing the control of the Certificate of Certificate (Certificate of Certificate o	Section 110.10(b)1A exempt a residence from the solar read- ument CF2R-SRA-01-E. Check the exception being used and f with the Solar Ready requirements (Section 110.10(b) by land 5 to Section 110.10(b)1B exempt a multifamily building
	Compliance Statement:			. 01
	sponsible person's signature on this compliance docu	A. Ger	eral Information	
		01	Building Type:	6.7
. Smi	art Thermostats and Alternative Efficiency Meas	D Ballo	imum Required Solar Zone Area for Single Family Residence	
01	All thermostats comply with Reference Joint Appendi		Does the residence have three stories or more, and a total floor area less	11/2
02.1	prior to granting of an occupancy permit by the enfor Alternative Efficiency Measure:	01	than or equal to 2,000 ft ² ?	.O. 'W.
he re	sponsible person's signature on this compliance docu	02	Is the residence located in Climate zones 8-14, in a Wildland-Urban Interface Fire Area as defined in Title 24, Part 2, and have a whole house fan?	300
. Sm	art Thermostats and Alternative Efficiency Meas		Tann What is the total area of low-sloped roofs where the annual solar access	
01	All thermostats comply with Reference Joint Appendit	03	is 70% or greater (ft²)?	×C'
9	prior to granting of an occupancy permit by the enfor	0.4	What is the total area of steep-sloped roofs oriented between 110 and 270 degrees relative to true north, where the annual solar access is 70%	:150
	Alternative Efficiency Measure: sponsible person's signature on this compliance docu	0.4	or greater (ft²)?	0.1
пете	sponsible person's signature on this compliance docu	05	Solar Zone Area – Solar Access Method (ft²)	.0
01	of is Designed for Vehicle Traffic or Parking or fo The roof is designed and approved by the Authority H Provide Building Plan Reference	06	Are all the thermostats Occupant Controlled Smart Thermostats (OCSTs), certified to the Energy Commission and listed on the Commission's appliances database? Alternatively, a networked system of devices may be installed that	ide.
	sponsible person's signature on this compliance docu		provides function aity equivalent to an OCST.	
		07	Minimum Required Solar Zone Area (ft²):	
		C ME	imum Required Solar Zone Area for Multifamily Building	
			What is the total area of the roof of the building? (ft ²)	
		02	What is the total area of skylights installed in the roof of the building?	
			(ft ²) What is the total area of low-sloped roofs whereth e annual solar access	
istrati	ion Number: Regi	03	what is the total area of low-sloped roots wherethe annual solar access is 70% or greater? (ft²)	
Buildi	ng Energy Efficiency Standards - 2019 Residential Comp		What is the total area of steep-sloped roofs oriented between 110 and	
		04	270 degrees relative to true north, where the annual solar access is 70% orgreater? (ft²)	
			Solar Zone Area – Net Roof Area Method (ft²) Solar Zone Area – Solar Access Method (ft²)	
			Minimum Required Solar Zone Area (ft²)	
		40.0		



Residential subdivision building permit applications

- CF2R-SRA-01-E needed for each lot before inspection
- CF2R-SRA-02-E worksheet for homes with a solar zone
- Verify solar zone and orientation
- Compliance options could differ within the group of homes
 - o Depends on actual dwelling's orientation, size, shade
- Form submission timing is up to building department
 - Verify as-built on lot matches plans and compliance forms
 - PSR will show when the lot-specific forms comply



Project Status Report

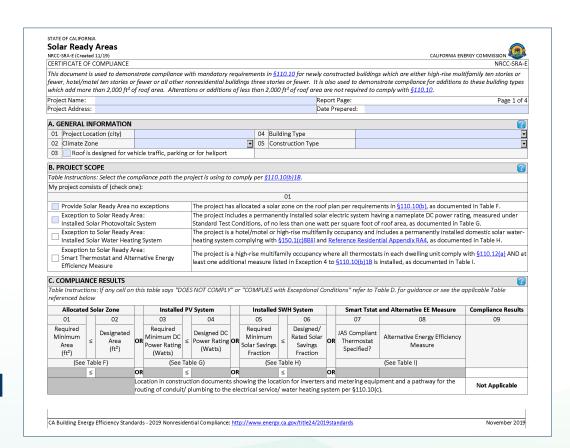
Project Status	Keport			CalCERTS,
				1
GENERAL INFORMA	ATION			
	ear Standards:	2013		T
	Project Name:	Shewmaker Performand	e Demo	回热系统美国
	Project Type:	New Construction SFR		77524488
	Address:	1516 9th Street		
Cit	y / State / Zip:	Sacramento / CA / 958:	14	######################################
Enforc	ement Agency:	City of Sacramento		
P	ermit Number:	123456789		Easy to Verify @ calcerts.com
HERS VERIFIABLE MEASURES:	NOT COMPLE	TE		
OVERALL STATUS:	NOT COMPLE	TE		
CF1R INFORMATIO				
Certificate Type:				
Registered Form: Registered Date:				
Registration		9A-0000000000-0000		
Number:		9A-000000000-0000		
ADDITIONAL CF1R	S		Registered	
System		Form	Date	Registration Number
	CF1R-SRA-01			216-N0125443A-000000000-0000
CF2R INFORMATIO	N - Certificat	e of Installation		<u> </u>
System		Form	Registered Date	Registration Number
	CF2R-ENV-01 Installation)	(Fenestration	5 P	216-N0125429A-E0100001A-0000
	CF2R-ENV-02	(Envelope Air Sealing)		216-N0125429A-E0200001A-0000
	CF2R-ENV-03	(Insulation Installation)		216-N0125429A-E0300001A-0000
	CF2R-ENV-04 Barrier)	(Roofing-Radiant		216-N0125429A-E0400001A-0000
	CF2R-MCH-01 Systems, Dud	(Space Conditioning ts and Fans)	04/05/2016 09:40	216-N0125429A-M0100001A-0000
System 1		(Duct Leakage)	04/05/2016 09:40	216-N0125429A-M2000002A-0000
System 1	CF2R-MCH-23	(Airflow)	04/05/2016 09:40	216-N0125429A-M2300002A-0000
System 1	CF2R-MCH-22	(Fan Efficacy)	04/05/2016 09:40	216-N0125429A-M2200002A-0000
System 1	CF2R-MCH-25	(Refrigerant Charge)	04/05/2016 09:40	216-N0125429A-M2500002A-0000
	CF2R-MCH-27	(IAQ and MV)	04/05/2016 09:40	216-N0125429A-M2700001A-0000
		(SD HWS Distribution)	04/05/2016 09:40	216-N0125429A-P0200003A-0000
CF3R INFORMATIO	N - Certificat	e of Verification		W//
System		Form	Registered Date	Registration Number
	CF3R-MCH-27	(IAQ and MV)		216-N0125429A-M2700001A-M27
System 1	CF3R-MCH-20	(Duct Leakage)	04/11/2016 12:52	216-N0125429A-M2000002A-M20
				-

- Summarizes status of all required forms
- Available for all projects registered with HERS provider
- Direct access to registry
- Request hard copy at final inspection to verify compliance
- HERS and Overall Status marked
 Complete to pass inspection



Nonresidential forms

- NRCC-SRA-E dynamic form
 - Scope specific
 - Auto-fill
 - Add or delete rows
 - Adds table
 - Auto-calculates solar zone area
 - Interactive instructions
- NRCI-SPV-01-E
 - Verifies solar PV system installed





Nonresidential building permit applications

- NRCC-SRA required for all covered occupancies
 - Including solar zone exceptions
- Verify compliance with multifamily, nonresidential, hotel and motel
- Verify specs on plans
- Verify solar zone and orientation



Field Inspection

Verify at Final

- Refer to CF2R-SRA or NRCC-SRA for compliance method
- Solar zone location, size, obstructions
- Electrical panel marked (single family only)
- Exceptions
 - Smart thermostats
 - Energy Star appliances
 - Gray or rain-water irrigation
 - Solar PV or solar hot-water system
 - o Installation forms required
 - Heliport or parking lot



Resources



Online Resource Center

Online Resource Center

Educational documents and training information for building communities and enforcement agencies to assist with building energy standards compliance.

LEARN MORE >





2019 HERS Providers



The Home Energy Rating System (HERS) Program tests and rates the energy performance of a home. The California Energy Commission's HERS Program addresses construction defects and poor equipment installation, including HVAC systems and insulation. The Energy Commission has a list of approved HERS providers who train and certify raters.

SUBSCRIBE

Building Energy Efficiency Standards

First Name *

First Name



Blueprint Newsletter



Blueprint is the California Energy Commission's quarterly e-newsletter that delves into the Building Energy Efficiency Standards and provides examples of projects. The newsletter provides updates, answers to frequently asked questions, clarifications to requirements, announcements, and educational resources and training.

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800-772-3300 in CA

916-654-5106 outside CA

Email

Title24@energy.ca.gov



Energy Code Ace





Thank you