## **CALIFORNIA ENERGY COMMISSION** | EFFICIENCY DIVISION

## **Single-Family Residential Water Heater Alterations**



2022 Title 24 Building Energy Efficiency Standards

Is the Existing Water Heater Electric Resistance?	What type can I install prescriptively?	What can I install under the performance approach?
NO	<ul> <li>Natural gas or propane — tank or tankless (§150.2[b]1Hiiia)</li> <li>Heat pump — (§150.2[b]1Hiiib)¹</li> <li>Heat pump — NEEA Tier 3 or higher (§150.2[b]1Hiiic)</li> </ul>	Any type that uses no more energy than the standard design (gas or propane tankless; or heat pump, if proposed is electric). Must use CEC-approved compliance software (§150.2[b]2B)
YES	Consumer electric or heat pump — tank or tankless (§150.2[b]1Hiiid) <sup>2</sup>	Any type that uses no more energy than the standard design (heat pump). Must use CEC-approved compliance software (§150.2[b]2B)

All existing accessible and newly installed piping must be insulated per §150.2(b)1Hi.

- Storage tank cannot be outdoors and must be on rigid, incompressible surface insulated to R-10 or higher. Must have a communications interface meeting §110.12(a) requirements or have an ANSI/CTA-2045-B communication port.
- <sup>2</sup> Per 10 CFR 430.2, consumer electric water heaters include:
  - Electric storage or instantaneous water heaters with an input of 12 kilowatts or less.
  - Heat pump-type units, with a maximum current rating of 24 amperes, at a maximum voltage of 250 volts, designed to transfer thermal energy to heat water, including all ancillary equipment (e.g., fans, storage tanks, pumps, or controls) necessary to its function.