DO ALL COOL ROOFS LOOK THE SAME?

No. There are numerous materials including tile, metal, asphalt, and coatings that meet the cool roof requirements. Cool roofs are also available in a wide range of colors including light, dark, and vibrant shades.

A COOL ROOF CAN:

- Look good
- Keep the building cooler
- Increase occupant comfort
- Lower energy costs
- Last longer than conventional roofs
- Reduce roof and attic temperatures
- Reduce the need for air conditioning
- Contribute to greenhouse gas reduction goals with lower energy demand
- Comply with building energy codes and green energy programs

COOL ROOF LABELING REQUIREMENTS

The Energy Commission designates the Cool Roof Rating Council (CRRC) for rating the solar reflectance and thermal emittance values of roofing products. Only the aged solar reflectance and thermal emittance values listed within the CRRC Rated Products Directory may be used to meet the cool roof requirements in the Energy Code. All rated roofing products will have a CRRC label, with the efficiency values listed per the requirements in § 10-113. Unlabeled products must use the default values per § 110.8(i)1. Products without an aged solar reflectance may use the equation in § 110.8(i)2.

5		Initial	Weathered
CRRC COOL ROOF RATING COUNCIL ®	Solar Reflectance	0.00	Pending
	Thermal Emittance	0.00	Pending
	Rated Project ID Number		
	Licensed Seller ID Number		
	Classification		Production Line

appropriate for determining seasonal energy performance. The actual effect of solar reflectance and thermal emittance on building performance may vary. Manufactures of product stipulates that these ratings were determined in accordance with the applicable Cool Roof Rating Council procedures.

Sample Cool Roof Rating Council Label



VISIT THE ENERGY COMMISSION ONLINE

For more information on the Energy Code and other programs www.energy.ca.gov

Energy Code Online Resource Center www.energy.ca.gov/orc

Contact the Energy Code Hotline

(800) 772-3300 within CA (916) 654-5106 outside CA title24@energy.ca.gov

Other Online Resources

Cool Roof Rating Council www.coolroofs.org





ENERGY EFFICIENT COOL ROOFS Multifamily Buildings

2022 Building Energy Efficiency Standards



ENERGY EFFICIENT ROOFS

Energy efficient roofs are also known as cool roofs. These roofs are designed to reflect more sunlight and absorb less heat than a standard roof. Energy efficient roofing products have high solar reflectance and thermal emittance properties. These properties help lower roof and attic temperatures on hot, sunny days to reduce the need for air conditioning. Both properties are measured from 0 to 1, and the higher the value the cooler the roof.

Solar reflectance (SR) refers to a material's ability to reflect the sun's solar energy back into the atmosphere.

Thermal emittance (TE) refers to how much of the absorbed heat is released.

2022 ENERGY CODE

The two approaches for compliance are performance and prescriptive. The performance approach requires using approved compliance software where energy trade-offs are allowed to bring the whole building into compliance with the Energy Code. The prescriptive approach has predefined efficiency requirements for each building component that must be met in order to comply.

The prescriptive requirements per § 170.2(a)1A listed below are the minimum efficiency requirements for roofing products. The values depend on the climate zone, high performance attic option, and the slope of the roof per TABLE 170.2-A. These requirements apply to both low-rise and high-rise multifamily buildings that are mechanically heated or cooled (conditioned space). See § 180.2(b)1A for the prescriptive requirements for roofing alterations.



Solar reflectance and thermal emittance

WHAT IS THE SOLAR REFLECTANCE INDEX?

The solar reflectance index (SRI) is an alternative to meeting the minimum requirements for thermal emittance and aged solar reflectance in the prescriptive approach. The SRI calculation allows for trade-offs between thermal emittance and aged solar reflectance values. The Energy Commission's solar reflectance index calculator must be used to determine the SRI value. The calculator is available on the Energy Commission's website.

Multifamily Prescriptive Requirements

MULTIFAMILY OPTION B AND C VENTED ATTICS					
CLIMATE ZONE*	AGED SOLAR REFLECTANCE &	THERMAL & EMITTANCE o	r SRI		
L 13, 15	≥0.63	≥0.75	≥75		
SL 10-15	≥0.20	≥0.75	≥16		

MULTIFAMILY OPTION D NONATTIC ROOF

	climate Zone	AGED SOLAR REFLECTANCE	THERMAL & EMITTANCE 0	r SRI	
L	9-11, 13-15	≥0.63	≥0.75	≥75	
SL	2-15	≥0.20	≥0.75	≥16	
*Alteration requirements apply to additional climate zones					

Low-Sloped < 2:12 Steep-Sloped ≥ 2:12 Roof Characteristics: Low-sloped, rise to run of less than 2:12 Low-sloped, rise to run of Low-sloped, rise to run of Low-sloped, rise to run of Steep-sloped, rise to run of 2:12 Steep-sloped, rise to run of 2:12 Low-sloped, rise to run of Low-sloped, rise t

WHAT TRIGGERS THE ENERGY EFFICIENT ROOF REQUIREMENTS?

The prescriptive approach requires that roofs meet minimum aged SR and TE efficiencies or the minimum SRI for newly constructed buildings, additions, and alterations where more than fifty percent or 2,000 square feet, whichever is less, of the roof is replaced, recovered, or recoated.

WHAT ARE THE EXCEPTIONS?*

All Building, Project, and Roof Slope Types

- Roof area covered by integrated photovoltaic (PV) panels or solar thermal panels
- Roof constructions that have thermal mass with a weight of at least 25 lb/ft² over the roof membrane

Additions § 180.1:

• Additions 300 square feet or less

Alterations (re-roof) § 180.2(b)1A:

Low-sloped in climate zones 2, 4, 6-15:

• Aged solar reflectance trade-off is allowed using the continuous insulation R-value per TABLE 180.2-A

Steep-sloped in climate zones 4, 8-15:

- Ceiling assemblies with R-38 insulation or with a U-factor of 0.025 or lower
- Radiant barrier in attic per § 170.2(a)1C
- No ducts in attic in climate zones 2, 4, 9, 10, 12, and 14
- Continuous insulation R-2 or greater at the roof deck

*If building meets any of these exceptions, it is exempt

